

A revision of some species of *Souvanna* Breuning, 1963, *Mispila* Pascoe, 1864, and *Athylia* Pascoe, 1864 (Coleoptera, Cerambycidae, Lamiinae)

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Abstract

Alidus signatus Pic, 1926 is transferred from *Mispila* to *Souvanna*, and *Souvanna signata* (Pic, 1926), **comb. nov.** is proposed. The lectotype of *Alidus signatus* is designated. The following synonyms are proposed: *Souvanna signata* = *Athylia* (s. str.) *quadristigma* (Gressitt, 1940), **syn. nov.** = *Souvanna phoumai* Breuning, 1963, **syn. nov.** = *Mispila* (*Dryusa*) *coomani* Breuning, 1968, **syn. nov.**, *Mispila* (s. str.) *tenuvittata* (Pic, 1930) = *Mispila* (s. str.) *assamensis* Breuning, 1938, **syn. nov.** The gender of the holotype of *Alidus multilineatus* Pic, 1925 is determined. New distributional records for *Souvanna signata*, *Mispila curvilinea* Pascoe, 1869, *M. subtonkinea* Breuning, 1968 and *M. tenuvittata* are provided.

Key words: Gender definition, lectotype designation, new combination, new faunistic records, synonyms



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Introduction

Breuning (1963a) established the monotypic genus *Souvanna* for *Souvanna phoumai* from Laos (Vientiane). Pascoe (1864) established the genus *Athylia* for *Athylia avara* Pascoe, 1864. Gressitt (1940) described *Enispia quadristigma* from China (Hainan), and Breuning (1960) transferred it to the genus *Athylia* Pascoe, 1864. *Athylia* presently consists of two subgenera: *Athylia* (s. str.) with 22 species and one subspecies, and *Pulchrathylia* Breuning, 1964 with two species. All species and subspecies of the above subgenera are distributed in the Oriental Region (Tavakilian and Chevillotte 2023). Breuning (1938, 1968a) described *Mispila assamensis* from India (Assam) and *Mispila* (*Dryusa*) *coomani* from Vietnam (Tonkin), respectively. Yan et al. (2023) and Xie et al. (2023) revised some species of *Mispila* Pascoe, 1864. *Mispila* currently consists of three subgenera: *Mispila* (s. str.) with 37 species and one subspecies, *Dryusa* Pascoe, 1864 with six species, and *Trichomispila* Breuning, 1939 with two species. All species and subspecies of the above subgenera are distributed in East, South, and Southeast Asia, as well as in Oceania (Tavakilian and Chevillotte 2023).

During the study of the genera *Souvanna*, *Athylia*, and *Mispila*, we found that the taxonomic status of *Athylia quadristigma*, *Souvanna phoumai*,

Mispila coomani, and *Mispila assamensis* were doubtful; additionally, the gender of the holotype of *Alidus multilineatus* Pic, 1925 (currently, a junior synonym of *Mispila curvilinea* Pascoe, 1869) was unknown. Therefore, we studied these issues and report our results here.

Material and methods

Specimens examined are deposited in following institutions and private collections:

BMNH	The Natural History Museum, London, United Kingdom;
BPBM	Bernice Pauahi Bishop Museum, Honolulu, Hawaii, USA;
CAS	California Academy of Sciences, San Francisco, CA, USA;
CSG	Collection Andre Skale, Gera, Germany;
CWW	Collection Andreas Weigel, Wernburg, Germany;
LPSNU	School of Biological Science and Technology, Liupanshui Normal University, Liupanshui, Guizhou, China;
MNHN	Muséum national d'Histoire naturelle, Paris, France;
SYSU	Sun Yat-sen University, Guangzhou, Guangdong, China.

Photographs of Figs 1A–C, M–O, 3F–H were taken by Xavier Gouverneur, Fig. 1D–G by Bing-Lan Zhang, Fig. 1H–K by Rachel Diaz-Bastin, Figs 1L, 5A by Nobuo Ohbyashi, Figs 3D, 6G by Guang-Lin Xie, Figs 2A, 4A, B by En-Ming Chang, and Figs 2B–D, 4C–E, 5B, 6I–K by Andreas Weigel. All photographs were edited with Adobe Photoshop CS 5.

Taxonomy

Apomecynini

Souvanna Breuning, 1963

Souvanna Breuning, 1963a: 39; Breuning 1964a: 5; Breuning 1964b: 428. Type species: *Souvanna phoumai* Breuning, 1963.

Souvanna signata (Pic, 1926), comb. nov.

Figs 1, 2

Alidus signatus Pic, 1926: 13 (type locality “Tonkin, Vietnam”).

Mispila (*Mispila*) *signata*: Breuning 1961: 281 (catalogue); Breuning 1963b: 473 (key), 478 (redescription).

Enispia quadristigma Gressitt, 1940: 156 (type locality “Central Hainan: Sam-ts’uen-kai-hui, southeast of Lai-mo-leng and Fan-ta, southeast of Nam-fung”), pl. 4, fig. 12; Gressitt 1951: 482 (catalogue); Breuning 1963c: 5; Hua et al. 2009: 76, pl 76, fig. 871 (holotype, ♂). syn. nov.

Athylia quadristigma: Breuning 1960: 166 (catalogue); Hua 1982: 69 (catalogue); Hua 2002: 197 (catalogue); Löbl and Smetana 2010: 230 (catalogue); Lin and Tavakilian 2019: 331 (catalogue); Danilevsky 2020: 323 (catalogue).

Souvanna phoumai Breuning, 1963a: 39 (type locality “région de Vientiane, Laos”), figs pp. 39 and 40; Breuning 1964b: 429; Rondon and Breuning 1970: 365 (catalogue), fig. 12h. syn. nov.

Mispila (Dryusa) coomani Breuning, 1968a [nec *Mispila coomani* (Pic, 1934)]: 858 (type locality “Hoa Binh, Tonkin, Vietnam”). syn. nov.

Body length. 6.5–10.7 mm (♂), 9.6 mm (♀). The gender of the types of *Alidus signatus* (lectotype), *Souvanna phoumai* (syntype), and *Mispila coomani* (holotype) were unknown, so the body length was determined from the types of *Enispia quadristigma* and additional materials examined.

Type material examined. *Alidus signatus*: lectotype (MNHN), Hoa Binh Tonkin (handwritten with black ink on a rectangular white label) / type (handwritten with black ink on a rectangular white label) / *Alidus signatus* n sp (handwritten with black ink on a rectangular white label) / TYPE (printed with black ink on a rectangular red label) / Museum Paris Coll. M. Pic (printed with black ink on a rectangular white label with black borders); examined from three photographs (Fig. 1A–C). *Enispia quadristigma*: holotype, ♂ (SYSU), Hainan Is., South China. Sam-ts’ uen-kai-hui. SE. of Lai-mo-ling (Mt. range). Ting-an Dist. July 4–6. 1935. F. K. To (printed with black ink on a rectangular yellow label) / HOLOTYPE ENISPIA 4-STIGMA J.L. Gressitt (“HOLOTYPE J.L. Gressitt” printed and “ENISPIA 4-STIGMA” handwritten with black ink on a rectangular red label) / 四点凸额天牛 *Enispia quadristigma* Gressitt ♂ 鉴定人: 华立中 2008 (“四点凸额天牛 *Enispia quadristigma* Gressitt ♂ 2008” handwritten and “鉴定人: 华立中” printed with black ink on a rectangular white label with black borders) / En-420876 SYS plus a QR-code (printed with black ink on a rectangular white label with black borders); examined from four photographs (Fig. 1D–G); paratype, ♂ (CAS), Fan Ta, Hainan Id VII-17-35 (printed with black ink on a rectangular white label) / L. Gressitt Collector (printed with black ink on a rectangular white label) / L. Gressitt Collection (printed with black ink on a rectangular white label) / PARATYPE ENISPIA 4-STIGMA J.L. Gressitt (“PARATYPE J.L. Gressitt” printed and “ENISPIA 4-STIGMA” handwritten with black ink on a rectangular yellow label) / [CASENT 8556282](#) plus a QR-code (printed with black ink on a rectangular white label with black borders); examined from four photographs (Fig. 1H–K). *Souvanna phoumai*: syntype, ♂ (BPBM), région de Vientiane, Laos, XI.1962; examined from one photograph (Fig. 1L). *Mispila (Dryusa) coomani*: holotype (MNHN), TYPE (printed with black ink on a rectangular red label) / *Mispila (Dryusa) coomani* mihi Breuning dét. Typ [“*Mispila (Dryusa) coomani* mihi typ” handwritten with blue ink and “Breuning dét.” printed with black ink on a rectangular white label] / TONKIN HOA BINH A DE COOMAN (printed with black ink on a rectangular white label with black borders) / MUSÉUM PARIS 1952 COLL R OBERTHUR (printed with black ink on a rectangular white label with black borders); examined from three photographs (Fig. 1M–O).

Additional material examined. **CHINA** • 1♂ (LPSNU, fig. 2A), Menglun Reservoir, Menglun Town, Mengla County, Xishuangbanna Dai Autonomous Prefecture, Yunnan Province, 5.XII.2016, leg. Ri-Xin Jiang. **THAILAND** • 1♂ (CSG, fig. 2B): Ko Kut Isl., Trat Province, 24.V–8.VI. 2022, leg. A. Skale. **VIETNAM** • 1♂ (CWW, fig. 2C), vic. Me Linh (IEBR station) [Institute of Ecology and Biological Resources], vic. Ngoc Thanh, Thái Nguyên Province, 21°23’3”N, 105°42’44”E, Alt. 60–80 m, 12.V.2012, leg. A. Weigel • 1♀ (CWW, fig. 2D): River valley, Son O

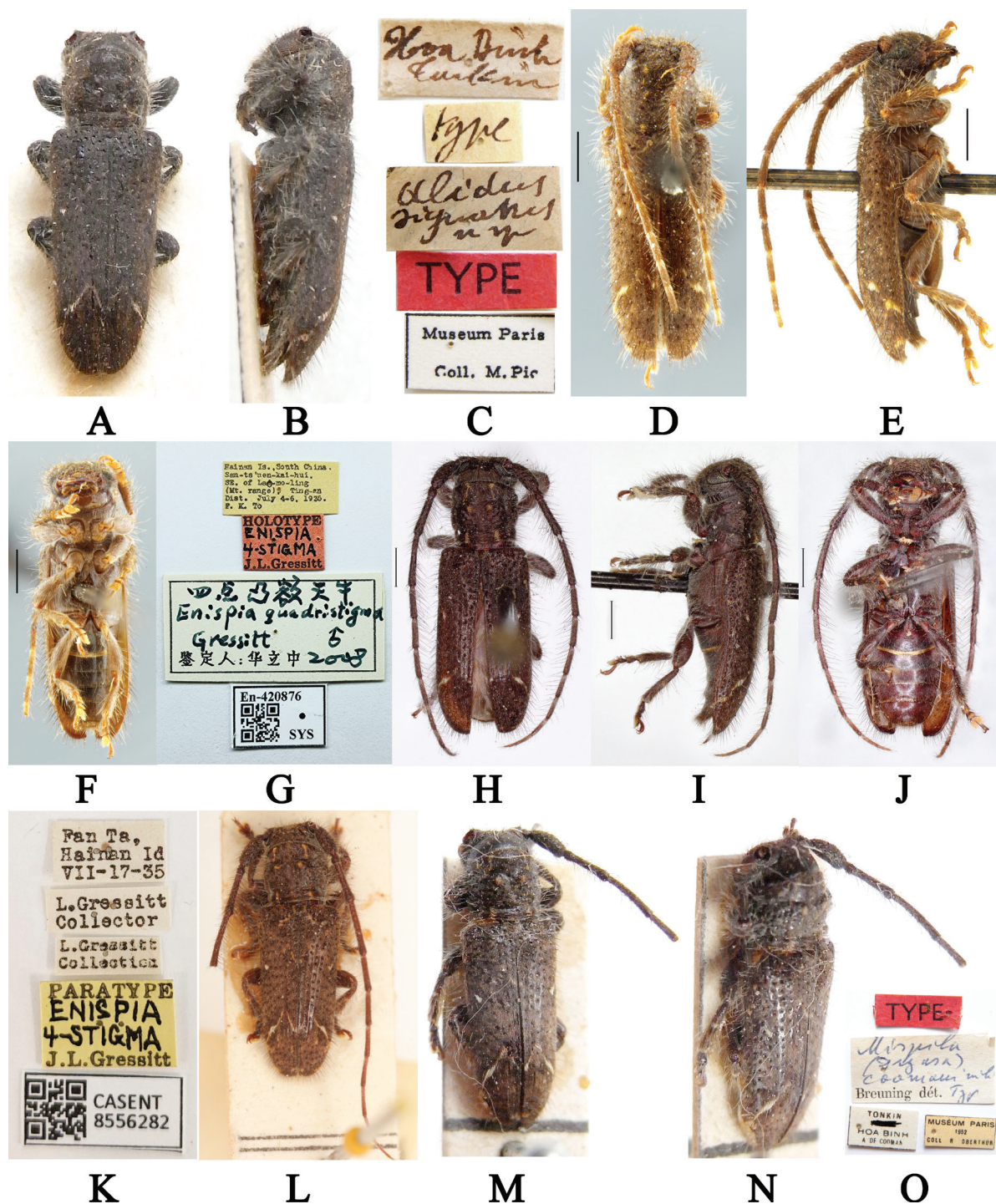


Figure 1. A–C *Alidus signatus*, lectotype A dorsal habitus B lateral habitus C labels D–K *Enispia quadristigma* D–G holotype D male dorsal habitus E male lateral habitus F male ventral habitus G labels H–K paratype H male dorsal habitus I male lateral habitus J male ventral habitus K labels L *Souvanna phoumai*, syntype, dorsal habitus M–O *Mispila coomani*, holotype M dorsal view N lateral view O labels. Scale bars: 1 mm (D–F, H–J).

Lau, ca. 30 km NW Hue, Thừa Thiên Huế Province, 16°31'3"N, 107°15'36"E, Alt. 30 m, 11.V.2019, leg. A. Weigel, KL [umbrella].

Comments. Having compared the types of *M. signata* (Fig. 1A, B), *A. quadristigma* (Fig. 1D–F, H–J), *S. phoumai* (Fig. 1L[REMOVED HYPERLINK FIELD]) and *M. coomani* (Fig. 1M, N), we found that the above four species are

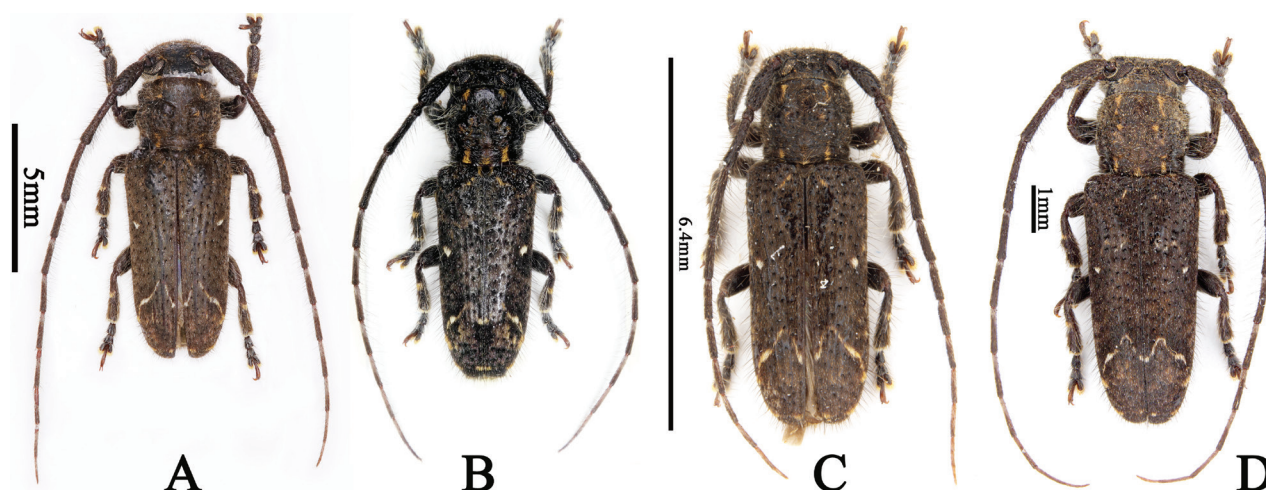


Figure 2. *Souvanna signata*, dorsal habitus **A** male from Yunnan, China **B** male from Trat, Thailand **C** male from Thái Nguyên, Vietnam **D** female from Thừa Thiên Huế, Vietnam.

identical; thus, we treat *A. quadristigma*, *S. phoumai* and *M. coomani* as junior synonyms of *M. signata*.

Athylia and *Souvanna* belong to the tribe Apomecynini, while *Mispila* belongs to the tribe Pteropliini. According to the key to tribes of Lamiinae and the key to genera of Apomecynini (Rondon and Breuning 1970), the difference between Apomecynini and Pteropliini is that the middle tibiae have an outer groove in front of the apex in Apomecynini and the middle tibiae have no outer groove in front of the apex in Pteropliini. The difference between *Athylia* and *Souvanna* is that the eyes are deeply emarginated in *Souvanna* and subdivided in *Athylia*. Furthermore, according to Breuning (1964b) and our examined materials, the 3rd antennal joint is longer than the 4th in *Athylia*, while the 3rd antennal joint is shorter than the 4th in *Souvanna*. To confirm these differences, we also have examined material of *Athylia avara* Pascoe, 1864 from the Ternate Island (Indonesia), the type species of *Athylia*.

After our examination of these materials, we can confirm that this species belongs to the tribe Apomecynini, and, according to the mentioned features, it belongs to the monotypical genus *Souvanna*.

In the description of *Alidus signatus*, Pic (1926) mentioned “Long. 7–9 mill”, which indicates that Pic examined at least two specimens; thus, we designate syntype examined by us (Fig. 1A, B) as the lectotype following the recommendations of ICZN (1999; Art. 74.7).

Distribution. China (Hainan, Yunnan), Laos (Vientiane), Thailand (Trat), Vietnam (Hoa-Binh, Thái Nguyên, Thừa Thiên Huế).

Pteropliini

Mispila Pascoe, 1864

Mispila Pascoe, 1864: 90; Gemminger and Harold 1873: 3092; Hüdepohl 1995: 295; Kariyanna et al. 2017: 192. Type species: *Mispila venosa* Pascoe, 1864. *Mispila* (*Mispila*) Aurivillius 1922: 275; Breuning 1961: 281; Breuning 1963b: 471 (redescription); Rondon and Breuning 1970: 380 (key), 414 (key). *Diatylus* Lacordaire 1872: 565. Type species: *Diatylus zonarius* Lacordaire, 1872.

***Mispila* (s. str.) *curvilinea* Pascoe, 1869**

Figs 3, 4

Mispila curvilinea Pascoe, 1869: 206 (type locality “India”); Gemminger and Harold 1873: 3092 (catalogue); Hua 1982: 96 (catalogue); Hua et al. 2009: 91, pl. 91, fig. 1051 (♂, ♀); Weigel 2012: 411 (distribution), pl. 32, fig. h; Kariyanna et al. 2017: 193 (catalogue); Barševskis 2018: 291 (distribution).

Mispila (*Mispila*) *curvilinea* Aurivillius, 1922: 275 (catalogue); Breuning 1961: 281 (catalogue); Breuning 1963b: 472 (key), 474 (redescription); Rondon and Breuning 1970: 415 (catalogue), fig. 23 i (♀); Hua 1981: 178 (new distribution); Hua 2002: 216 (catalogue); Löbl and Smetana 2010: 315 (catalogue); Lin and Tavakilian 2019: 366 (catalogue); Danilevsky 2020: 451 (catalogue); Xie et al. 2023: 248 (catalogue), fig. 3 (a–d holotype, ♂; e, f ♀; g, h ♂).

Alidus multilineatus Pic, 1925: 24 (type locality “Tonkin, Vietnam”); Breuning 1963b: 475 (synonymized).

Body length. 15.0–18.0 mm (♂), 12.0–18.2 mm (♀). The body length was determined from the holotypes of *Mispila curvilinea*, *Alidus multilineatus*, and additional materials examined. The body length of the holotype of *A. multilineatus* was mentioned in the original paper (Pic 1925).

Type material examined. *Mispila curvilinea*: holotype, ♂ (BMNH), *Mispila curvilinea* (handwritten with black ink on a rectangular white label with a straight-line black border) / *Mispila curvilinea* typ Pasc (handwritten with black ink on a rectangular white label) / India (handwritten with black ink on a fan-shaped green label) / Pascoe Coll. 93–60 (printed with black ink on a square white label) / Type (printed with black ink on a circular white label with circular red borders) / NHMUK 014596491 plus a QR-code (printed with black ink on a rectangular white label); examined from five photographs (Fig. 3A–E). *Alidus multilineatus*: holotype, ♂ (MNHN), Pho-vi (Tonkin) 9. 07 (handwritten with black ink on a rectangular white label) / Type (handwritten with black ink on a rectangular yellow label) / ex Buquet (handwritten with black ink on a rectangular white label) / *Alidus multilineatus* Pic (handwritten with black ink on a rectangular white label) / TYPE (printed with black ink on a rectangular red label); examined from three photographs (Fig. 3F–H).

Additional material examined. **CHINA** • 3♂♂, 3♀♀ (LPSNU), Hulukou, Xima Town, Yingjiang County, Dehong Dai and Jingpo Autonomous Prefecture, Yunnan Province, Alt. 1200 m, VI–VII.2018, leg. Wei-Zong Yang • 1♂ (CWW): vic. Guo Men Shan (NNNR), 37 km NW Jinghong City, Xishuangbanna Dai Autonomous Prefecture, Yunnan Province, 22°14'43"N, 100°36'12"E, Alt. 1100 m, 18.VI.2019, leg. A. Weigel LFF [light trap]. **LAOS**: 1♂, 2♀♀ (CWW): Phou Pan (Mt.), Ban Saleui, Hua Phan Province, 20°12'N, 104°01'E, Alt. 2060 m, V.2017, leg. local collector. **MALAYSIA** • 1♀ (CWW, fig. 4E): 35 km SE Ipoh, Tanah Rata, Cameron Highland, Pahang, 4°28'N, 101°23'E, Alt. 1500 m, 19–31.III.2003, leg. M. Némec.

Comments. In the original description of *A. multilineatus*, Pic (1925) did not mention the gender of the holotype. Breuning (1963b: 475) treated it as a junior synonym of *M. curvilinea* and provided a supplementary description of this species, including the sexual differences: “antennae are more than 0.5 time longer than body in males, antennae are slightly shorter than body in females.” According to above characters and the material examined, we could confirm that the holotype of *A. multilineatus* is a male.

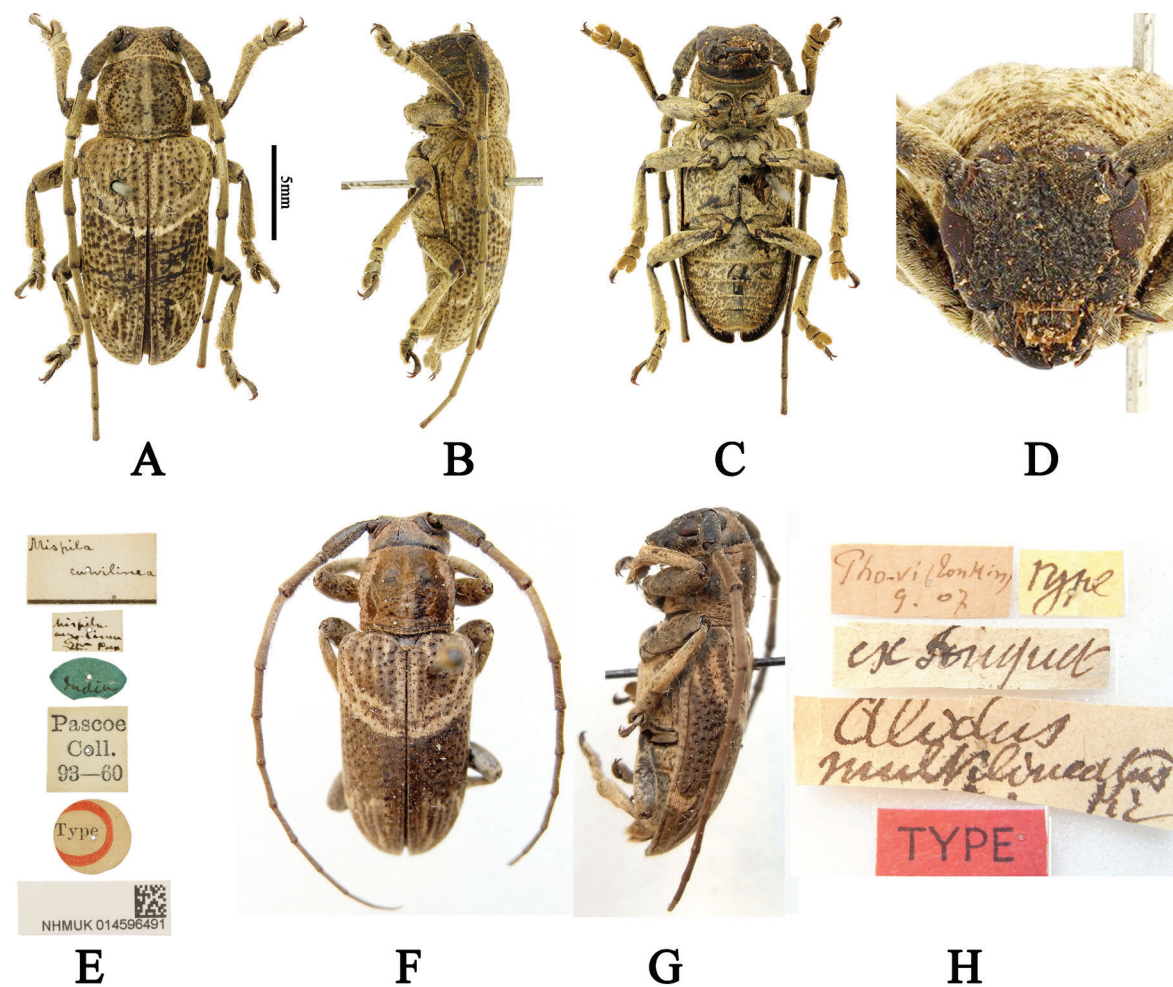


Figure 3. A–E *Mispila curvilinea*, holotype (photographs of Fig. 3A–C, E reproduced from Xie et al. 2023) **A** male dorsal habitus **B** male lateral habitus **C** male ventral habitus **D** male frontal view **E** labels **F–H** *Alidus multilineatus*, holotype **F** male dorsal habitus **G** male lateral habitus **H** labels.

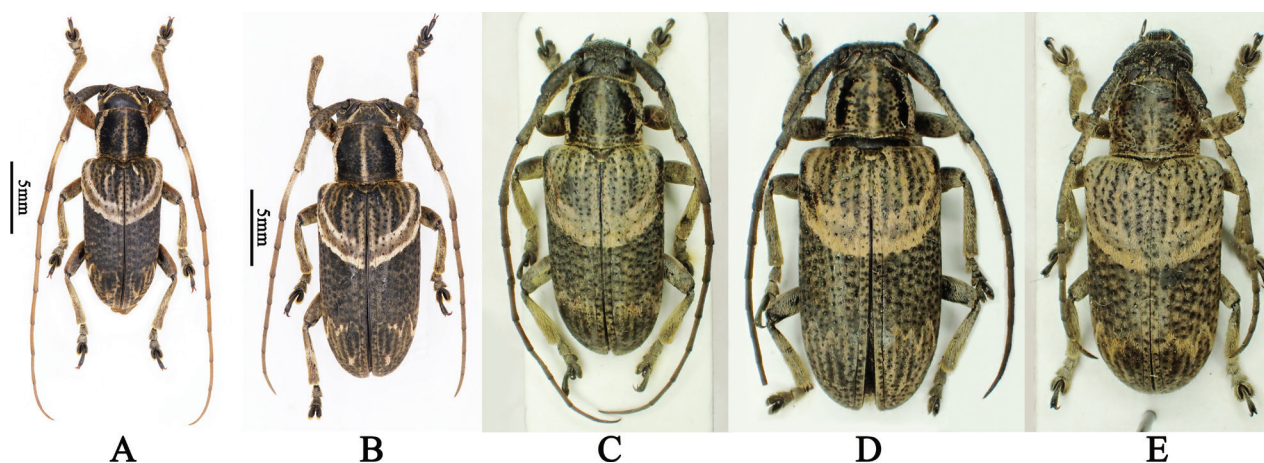


Figure 4. *Mispila curvilinea*, dorsal habitus **A** male from Yunnan, China **B** female from Yunnan, China **C** male from Hua Phan, Laos **D** female from Hua Phan, Laos **E** female from Pahang, Malaysia.

Distribution. Bengal (Klimpong, Samsingh), Cambodia, China (Guangxi, Yunnan), India (Sikkim), Laos (Bokeo, Hua Phan, Khammouane, Vientiane), Malaysia (Pahang), Vietnam (Ha Giang).

***Mispila* (s. str.) *subtonkinea* Breuning, 1968**

Fig. 5

Mispila (s. s.) *subtonkinea* Breuning, 1968b: 21 (type locality “Vientiane, Laos”).
Mispila (s. str.) *subtonkinea* Rondon and Breuning 1970: 415 (catalogue),
fig. 24a (holotype, ♂); Xie et al. 2023: 260 (catalogue), fig. 13g–l (♂).

Body length. 8.0–9.0 mm (♂). The body length is determined from the holotype of *M. subtonkinea* and additional materials examined. The body length of the holotype of *M. subtonkinea* is referred to in the original paper (Breuning 1968b).

Type material examined. **Holotype**, ♂ (BPBM), Vientiane, Laos, 15 février (= February) 1965; examined from one photograph (Fig. 5A).

Additional material examined. **VIETNAM:** 1 ♂ (CWW, fig. 5B): 6 km SW von Thanh Son, Tay Yen Tu Nat. Res., Bắc Giang Province, 21°10.830'N, 106°43.427'E, Alt. 200 m, 18–21.V.2015, leg. A. Weigel, KS [clearing] LFF [light trap].

Distribution. Laos (Vientiane), Vietnam (Bắc Giang).

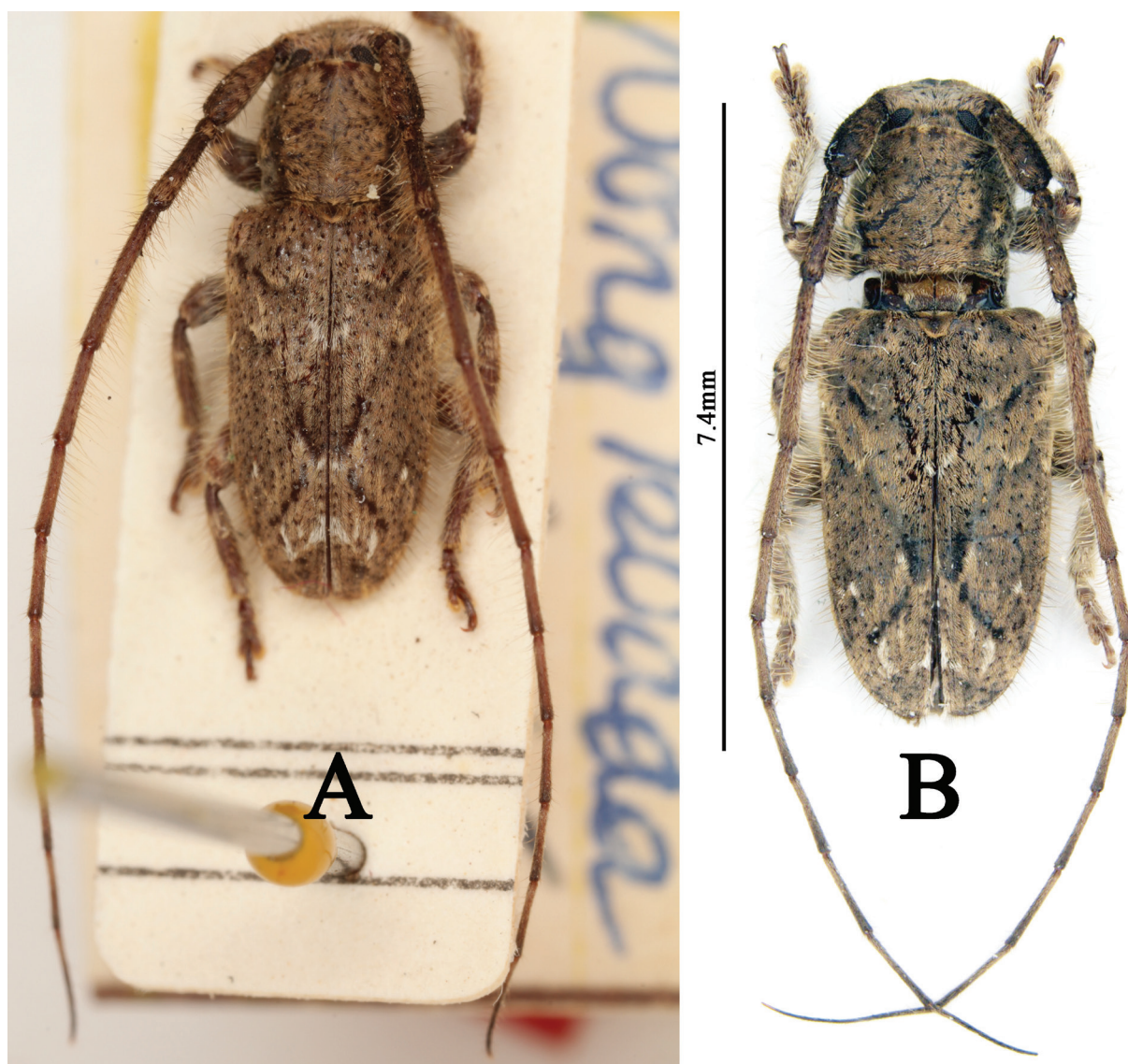


Figure 5. *Mispila subtonkinea*, males, dorsal habitus **A** holotype **B** specimen from Vietnam.

***Mispila* (s. str.) *tenuevittata* (Pic, 1930)**

Fig. 6

Sodus tenuevittatus Pic, 1930: 19 (type locality: “Chapa, Tonkin, Vietnam”).

Mispila (*Mispila*) *venosa* m. *tenuevittata*: Breuning 1961: 281 (catalogue); Breuning 1963b: 486 (catalogue).

Mispila (s. str.) *tenuevittata*: Yan et al. 2023: 4 (stat. resurrected, catalogue), figs 2A–H, 3A–D; Xie et al. 2023: 255 (catalogue), fig. 8 (e–g ♂, h–j ♀).

Mispila (*Dryusa*) *sonthianae* Breuning, 1963d: 59 (type locality: “Vientiane, Laos”), fig. (holotype); Rondon and Breuning 1970: 415 (catalogue), fig. 24b (holotype, ♂); Löbl and Smetana 2010: 315 (catalogue); Lin and Tavakilian 2019: 366 (catalogue); Danilevsky 2020: 451 (catalogue).

Mispila sonthianae: Hua 2002: 216 (catalogue); Hua et al. 2009: 92, pl. 92, fig. 1053 (♂, ♀).

Mispila assamensis Breuning, 1938: 381 (type locality: “Mtes. Patkai, Assam, India”); Kariyanna et al. 2017: 193 (catalogue); Mitra et al. 2017: 87 (distribution); Xie et al. 2023: 257 (catalogue), fig. 11 (a–d holotype, ♀; e–h ♂). syn. nov.

Mispila (*Mispila*) *assamensis*: Breuning 1961: 281 (catalogue); Breuning 1963b: 472 (key), 487 (redescription).

Body length. 7.1–12.0 mm (♂), 7.6–13.7 mm (♀). The body length was determined from Yan et al. (2023), the holotype of *M. assamensis*, and additional materials examined.

Type material examined. *Sodus tenuevittatus*: see Yan et al. 2023. *Mispila assamensis*: holotype, ♀ (BMNH), *Mispila assamensis* mihi Typ det. Breuning (“*Mispila assamensis* mihi Typ” handwritten and “det. Breuning” printed with black ink on a rectangular white label) / Assam Patkai Mt. (handwritten with black ink on a rectangular white label) / Doherty (handwritten with black ink on a rectangular white label) / Fry Coll. 1905. 100. (printed with black ink on a rectangular white label) / 61563 (handwritten with black ink on a rectangular white label) / Type (printed with black ink on a circular white label with circular red borders) / NHMUK 014596495 plus a QR-code (printed with black ink on a rectangular white label); examined from five photographs (Fig. 6D–H).

Additional material examined. **THAILAND** • 1♂ (CWW): vic. Khao Lak, Takua-pa distr., Phang-nga Province, 08°37.623'N, 98°15.091'E, Alt. 50 m, 23.VIII–02.IX.2010, leg. A. Skale • 3♂♂, 3♀♀ (CWW): vic. Khao Lak, Takua-pa distr., Phang-nga Province, 08°37'N, 98°15'E, 07.VIII.2012, leg. A. Weigel • 1♀ (CWW, fig. 6J): Yai island, Kam, 14 km W Na Kha, Ranong Province, 09°29.652'N, 98°21.385'E, 09.VIII.2012, leg. A. Weigel, UWP [primary forest] KÜ [coast]. **VIETNAM** • 2♂♂ (CWW, fig. 6K): Son Hurang River, Hue, Thừa Thiên Huế Province, 16°27'36"N, 107°34'7"E, 10 m [a. s. l.], 11.V.2019, leg. A. Weigel, LFF [light trap] (Hotel).

Comments. After having compared the holotypes of *Mispila tenuevittata* (Fig. 6A, B) and *M. assamensis* (Fig. 6D–G), we found that both holotypes are identical, except for the different genders. Thus, we treat *M. assamensis* as a junior synonym of *M. tenuevittata*. Yan et al. (2023) marked the holotype of *M. tenuevittata* as a female in the legend, while they considered it as a male in the comments.

Distribution. China (Guangxi, Hainan, Yunnan), India (Assam), Laos (Bokeo, Mekong, Vientiane), Thailand (Phang-nga, Ranong), Vietnam (Chapa, Thừa Thiên Huế).

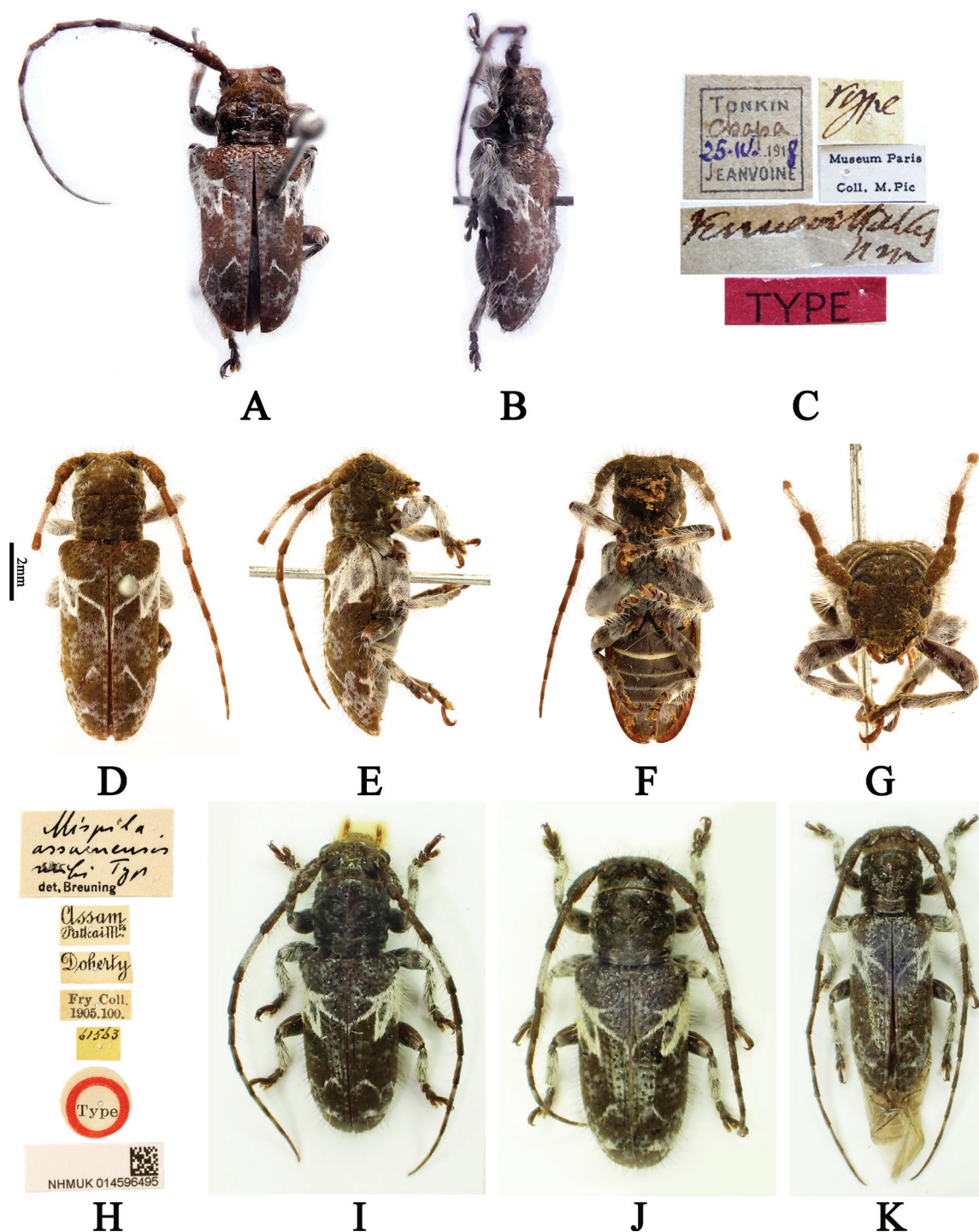


Figure 6. *Mispila tenuvittata* **A–C** *Sodus tenuvittatus*, holotype **A** male dorsal habitus **B** male lateral habitus **C** labels (photographs of Fig. 6A–C reproduced from Yan et al. 2023) **D–H** *Mispila assamensis*, holotype (photographs of Fig. 6D–F, H reproduced from Xie et al. 2023) **D** female dorsal habitus **E** female lateral habitus **F** female ventral habitus **G** female frontal view **H** labels **I** male dorsal habitus, from Phang-nga, Thailand **J** female dorsal habitus, from Ranong, Thailand **K** male dorsal habitus, from Thừa Thiên Huế, Vietnam.

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We sincerely appreciate Xavier Gouverneur (Rennes, France) for providing the lectotype photographs of *Alidus signatus*, holotype photographs of *Mispila coomani* and *Alidus multilineatus*; Guang-Lin Xie (Yangtze University, Jingzhou,

Hubei, China) for providing the holotype photographs of *Mispila curvilinea* and *Mispila assamensis*; Hong Pang (SYSU) and Bing-Lan Zhang (SYSU) for providing the holotype photographs of *Enispia quadristigma*; Rachel Diaz-Bastin (CAS) for providing the paratype photographs of *Enispia quadristigma*; Nobuo Ohbyashi (Miura City, Japan) gave us the permission to use the syntype photograph of *Souvanna phoumai* and the holotype photograph of *Mispila subtonkinensis*. We are very grateful to Fa-Lei Wang (Chongqing, China) for donating material of *Mispila curvilinea*, to Ri-Xin Jiang (Guizhou University, Guizhou, China) for donating material of *Souvanna signata*. We also thank Andre Skale (CSG) for providing data of *Souvanna signata*, Ping Wang (Yangtze University, Jingzhou, Hubei, China), Zhu Li (Southwest University, Chongqing, China), Guang-Lin Xie, Xavier Gouverneur and Si-Yao Huang (Zoologisches Forschungsmuseum Alexander Koenig, Bonn, Germany) for providing literatures. We express our appreciation to Larry G. Bezark (Sacramento, California, USA) and Francesco Vitali (Academic Editor of ZooKeys for Cerambycidae) for improving our manuscript.

Additional information

Conflict of interest

The authors have declared that no competing interests exist.

Ethical statement

No ethical statement was reported.

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Data availability

All of the data that support the findings of this study are available in the main text.

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